

# **INVERTER/SOLAR INVERTER**

WD Series

**User Manual** 

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This is A class inverter. It might cause slightly radio interference in daily life. And practical measure is required to take under this condition.

#### Preface

Thank you for the purchase of inverter or solar inverter(Hereinafter referred to as inverter). Please read this manual carefully before installing and using the inverter!

## Copyright

We have been devoted to technological innovation and aims to meet the demands of its customers with better product and services. And product design and specification would be updated without prior notice. Please in kind prevail!

#### 1.Installation Instructions

#### 1-1: Open-package inspection

After opening the package, please check random accessories, including user manual (contains conformity certificate
and warranty card), 2pcs battery cables and accessories for optional functions. And check whether the inverter is still
kept well after transportation, if find any broken or component missing, do not turn on the machine, feedback to the
carrier and distributor.

#### Note:

- Please keep the packing box and packing material, can be used for next delivery if needed.
- This series of product is very heavy (check appendix as reference), please handle with care when carrying.

#### 1-2: Installation notice

- 1) Install in an area of well ventilated, free of water, burning gas and corrodent.
- 2) Not good to put on the side, better keep good air ventilation from front panel's bottom air intake, or air outlet from back panel's fan, and side face of machine.
- Around environment temperature should remain 0 to 40 centigrade.
- 4) If disassembling and operate under low temperature environment, may happen water condense, only can work till thorough dry of machine inside and outside, otherwise will be shock risk.
- 5) If the machine is placed for a long time, it should be confirmed that the machine is completely dry and no corrosion can be installed and used.

#### 1-3:Installation steps

Environmental requirements

Open the package and place the inverter in a reasonable working environment. Refer to the "Installation Precautions" for specific requirements.

2) Wire diameter selection

Use a cable with a suitable wire diameter, which can not be lower than the national safety standard. The general wire diameter is selected according to the current density of not more than 5A/mm<sup>2</sup>, and the length of the connecting wire is minimized to reduce the loss.

3) Connect the battery

Determine the appropriate number of battery cells according to the rated battery voltage of the inverter. Connect the battery cable to a circuit breaker that meets the breaking capacity, and then connect it to the BATTERY terminal of the inverter. Note that the positive and negative poles cannot be reversed. Otherwise, the product may be damaged.

4) Connect the load

Turn off all loads firstly, then connect the DC load to the DC output of the inverter (DC OUTPUT)(Ignore this step if there is no built-in controller), and connect the AC load to the AC output of the inverter (AC OUTPUT), confirming that the load polarity is not reversed, and ensure the load is lower than the standard power of the inverter.

5) Connecting PV(Ignore this step if there is no built-in controller)

Connect the PV cable to the circuit breaker that meets the breaking capacity, and then connect it to the PV input terminal of the inverter, the PV array open circuit voltage and short circuit current should be lower than the maximum PV input voltage and current of the rated charge controller. Note:Be careful not to reverse the polarity.

6) Connect the mains

Connect the mains input cable to a circuit breaker that meets the breaking capacity, and then connect it to the AC input terminal of the inverter. Note that the phase and polarity are not reversed.

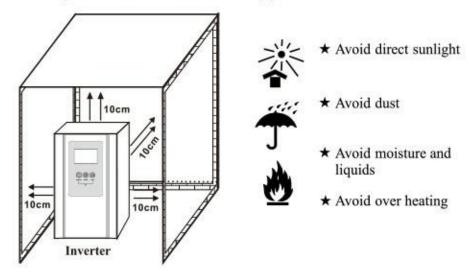
- 7) Selection of circuit breaker
- a. The circuit breaker on the battery side should be a DC circuit breaker whose working voltage should be greater than the rated voltage of the battery; the circuit breaker on the PV input side should be a DC circuit breaker whose working voltage should be greater than the rated voltage of the PV array; the circuit breaker on the AC input side should be an AC circuit breaker whose working voltage should be greater than the rated voltage of the mains.
- b. The rated current of the circuit breaker should be about 1.5 times of the maximum current inverter during operation .

#### Note:

- Before connecting the load to the machine, please turn off the loads firstly.
- > This product can only protect high-voltage surges with low energy. In areas with high lightning output, it is recommended to install lightning protection devices outside the PV input terminals(Ignore this content if there is no built-in controller).
- > To ensure the personal safety of the user and ensure the correct use of the product, please confirm that it is properly grounded before starting the machine.
- > If user want to load an inductive load such as a motor or a laser printer which operating power is too large, the inverter rated capacity should be selected according to its peak power. The load starting power is generally 2 to 3 times of its rated power.

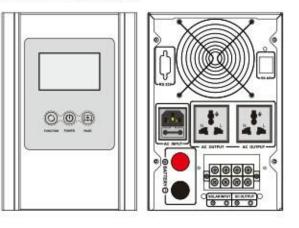
#### 1-4: Placement

Please leave 10cm of space for each side of inverter to keep good air circulation.

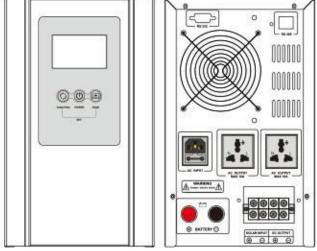


## 2. Outlook of Inverter

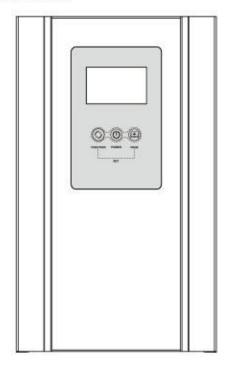
#### 2-1, 350W-500W Series

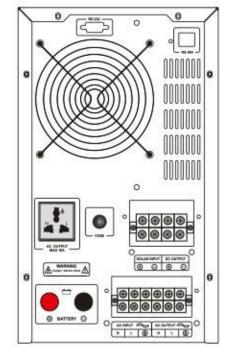


2-2, 700W-1500W Series

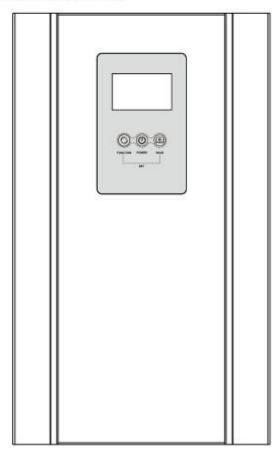


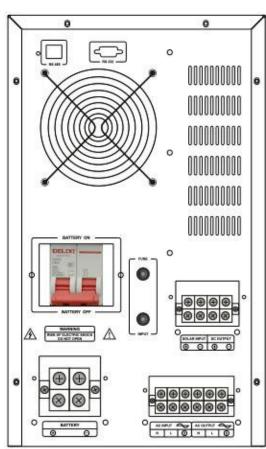
2-3. 2000W-3500W Series





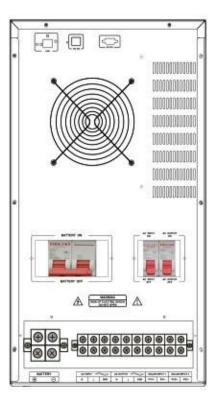
## 2-4. 4000W-7000W Series



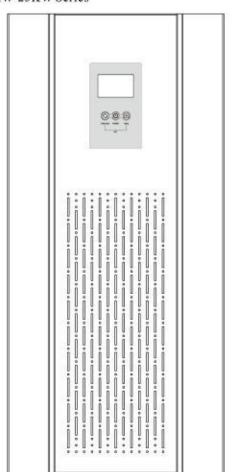


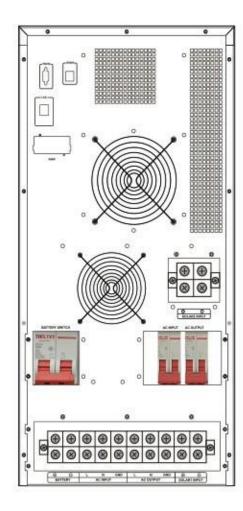
## 2-5. 8KW-12KW Series



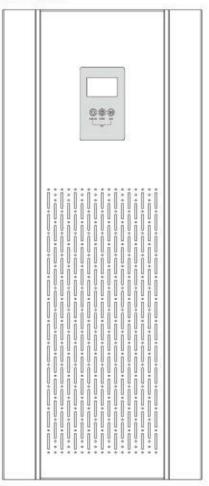


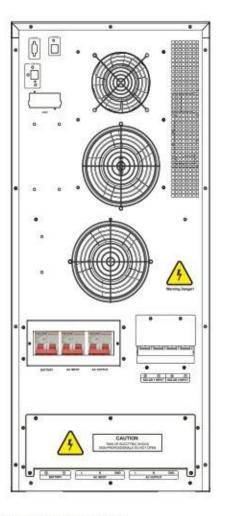
## 2-6. 15KW-25KW Series





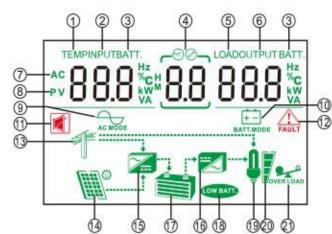
2-7. 30KW-40KW Series





Note: Images may be slightly different from actual product. Please in kind prevail!

## 3. LCD screen description



## Parameter display area

	1 TEMP: Temperature displayed
	2 INPUT: Mains input data displayed
10	3 BATT: Battery data displayed
12	4 When emergency come, shows alarm code here.
	5 LOAD: Load data displayed
	6 OUTPUT: AC output data displayed
	7 AC: AC data displayed
	8 PV: PV input data displayed

#### on display ar

9 AC MODE:AC mode(means the inverter	r is already on d1 or d2 (Based on	the real setting value)	
10 BATT.MODE: BATT.MODE means th	e inverter is already on d3:battery	mode	
11 Turn mute on/off	12 FAULT: fault alarm		
13 Utility	14 Solar panel(Display when there is a built-in PV controller)		
15 AC charging and PV charging icons	16 Battery powered icons		
17 Battery	18 Low battery alarm	19 Load	
20 Load capacity(The load is divided into	4 grids, and the single-grid load i	s 25% of the full load)	
21 Overload alarm			

#### 3-1. Work flow chart icon introduction(Built-in solar controller)

1)Mains working mode (No PV input, Only the mains charge the battery)



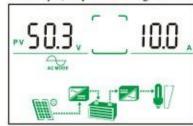
 Battery working mode (No mains and PV input)



 Mains working mode (Has PV input, the mains and the PV simultaneously charge the battery)

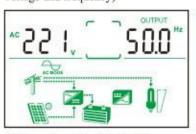


4)Battery working mode (Has PV input but no mains input, only the PV charge the battery)

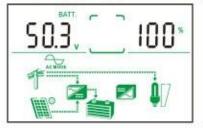


#### 3-2. Introduction to the work interface(Built-in solar controller)(Mains and PV input are normal)

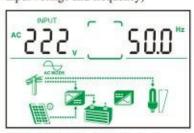
1) Output interface(Display output voltage and frequency)



4) Battery interface(Display battery voltage and percentage)



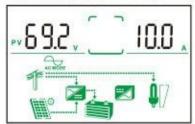
AC input interface(Display AC input voltage and frequency)



Loads interface(Display load power and load percentage)



3) PV interface(Display PV voltage and PV current) (Note: 8KW-40KW models of dualchannels PV input have two pages (displaying the voltage and current of the 1st channel PV/2nd channel PV respectively), press the PAEG key to view)



6) PV generation capacity / Actual power generation interface



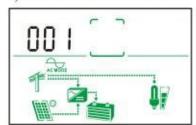
 Controller Max charging current interface



8) Internal temperature interface



Communication address interface

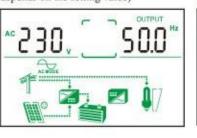


#### 3-3. Three working modes(Built-in solar controller)

1) d1:Mains priority mode (Display AC MODE icon, the working mode depends on the setting value)



 d2: Energy saving mode (Display AC MODE, the working mode depends on the setting value)



 d3: Battery priority mode (Display BATT.MODE icon)



### Note:

- 1. If the inverter has no built-in solar controller, the LCD screen does not display the solar panel icon and the PV parameter interface, and the other displays are consistent.
- 2. The actual display parameters are subject to the specific model, and the picture display contents are only used as examples.
- 3. Models of 350W~7000W do not display the load interface.

## Remarks:Introduction to three working modes

#### 1) Mains priority mode(d1)

- When the mains is normal (in line with the mains input voltage range of the inverter), the mains charge battery (if with built-in solar controller, the mains and PV charge the battery simultaneously); on the other hand, the mains supplies stable power to the loads after stabilization. (the loads do not consume PV and battery energy):
- When the mains is abnormal(the mains exceeds the working range of the inverter or the mains supply is interrupted),
   the loads will be powered by the battery(if with built-in controller, when PV power rate is larger than the loads, PV will power the loads and the surplus energy will charge the battery; when PV power rate is less than the loads, the deficiency will be made up by battery, so both PV and battery will power the loads).

#### 2) Battery(Solar) priority mode(d3)

- When the battery is fully charged (like single-cell battery voltage is up to 13.2VDC), even the mains is normal, the
  loads will be powered by the battery(if with built in controller, when PV power rate is larger than that of the loads,
  PV will fully powers the loads and the surplus energy will charge the battery; when PV power rate is less than the
  loads, the deficiency will be made up by battery, so both PV and battery will power the loads);
- When the battery is in low voltage (the voltage of regular single-cell battery is 11VDC) and the mains is normal, the inverter will switch to mains priority mode. The mains supplies power to the load after stabilization, and the mains charges battery simultaneously(if with built-in controller, PV and the mains charge the battery simultaneously. The loads do not consume the energy of PV and battery).

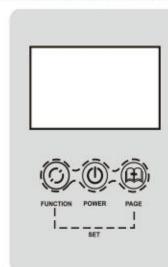
Remarks: Under Mains Priority Mode/ Battery Priority Mode, when the mains charging current is not set as 0A, the mains charge battery; when the mains charging current is set to 0A, the mains does not charge battery, but the solar controller charges the battery.

#### 3) Energy saving mode(d2)

Inverter works under the battery mode, once the load capacity is less than 20%(350W~7000W models) / 5%(8KW ~40KW models) of the inverter rated power, the inverter will start and stop regularly to achieve energy saving effect (ie: the machine will intermittently interrupt the inverter output); When the load is greater than 20%(350W~7000W models) / 5%(8KW~40KW models) of the inverter rated power, the inverter will out of this energy saving mode.

#### 4. Operation

## 4-1 Function and setting of button on board



### 1) POWER button

- Battery supply state: Power on, press POWER button for 2 second, the equipment start output; Power off, press POWER button for 2 second, the equipment shutdown.
- ◆ AC supply state: Power on, the equipment will auto start when AC supply input; Power off, press POWER button for 1 second, the equipment turn off output, the equipment shutdown after cut off AC supply.

#### 2) PAGE button

- ◆ Page scroll: in the main interface, short press the PAGE button for 1 second to view various parameter interfaces, such as output interface, input interface, battery interface, and etc.;
- ◆ Parameters setting: in the parameters setting interface, short press the PAGE button for 1 second to adjust the parameter value.

#### 3) FUNCTION button

- Mute function: In the main interface, press the FUNCTION button for 1 second to turn on/off alarm.
- ◆ In the main interface, long press the FUNCTION button for 3 seconds to enter the parameters setting interface.

#### 4-2: Function setting description

4-2-1 Introduction to function setting interface

Interface	Descriptions	Remarks
A0 Working Mode	Can be set: d1 AC input priority, d2 ECO mode, d3 solar(battery) priority	
A1 AC charging current	Settable range:C0~C6 (C0=0A, C6 is max charging)	
A2 Constant charge voltage	Settable range: 13V~15V(single battery)	Constant charge voltage
A3 Floating charge voltage	Settable range: 13V~15V(single battery)	Floating charge voltage
A4 Low voltage protection	Settable range: 8V~13V(single battery)	
A5 Auto start output recover voltage(optional)	Settable range: 9V~15V(single battery)	Inverter turn off output when battery low voltage, inverter auto turn on output when battery voltage reach to recover voltage (optional)
A6 Mains supply to inverter supply voltage (available in d3 mode)	Settable range: 9V~15V(single battery)	In d3 working mode, battery voltage from mains supply to inverter supply(Please see Chapter 3 for the working mode of d3 priority mode).
A7 Inverter supply to Mains supply voltage (available in d3 mode)	Settable range: 8V~14V(single battery)	In d3 working mode, battery voltage from inverter supply to mains supply(Please see Chapter 3 for the working mode of d3 priority mode).
A8: AC output frequency	50Hz/60Hz available to set	
A9: AC output voltage	AC 105V~120V model: 105VAC/110VAC/ 115VAC/120VAC available to set AC 220V~240V model: 220VAC/230VAC/ 240VAC available to set	

#### Note:

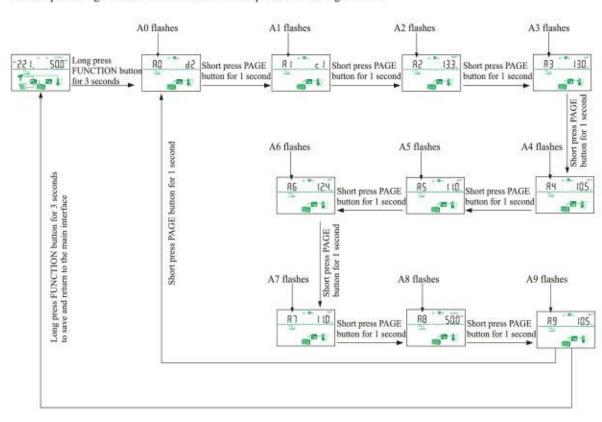
1. when setting voltage parameters, the following conditions shall be met, otherwise the inverter will report A19 fault.

- 1). Voltage  $A2 \ge A3 > A6$  (valid in D3 mode)  $\ge A5$  (optional) > A4;
- 2). Voltage A6 > A7 > A4;
- 3). If the inverter keeps alarming A19 and cannot be used normally, the machine can be restarted manually as well not save the setting data and restore the factory default value (if the parameter setting is correct, i.e. no A19 fault report, the inverter will automatically save the data).

### 2. Other battery voltage parameter values (default)

- Battery high voltage alarming voltage value can't be set, and the default value is 0.8V higher than the present constant charge voltage value.
- Low voltage alarming voltage value can't be set, and the default value is 0.5V higher than the present low voltage protection.

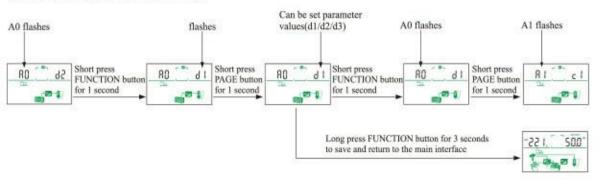
## 4-2-2 Operation guide for main interface to enter parameter setting interface



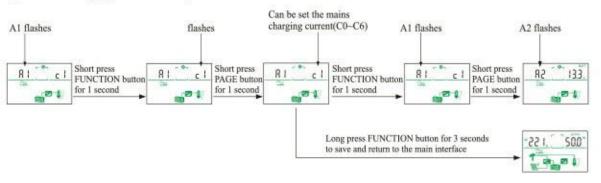
Note: the parameter of each parameter setting interface can be viewed at this time.

## Operation guide for parameter setting in setting interface

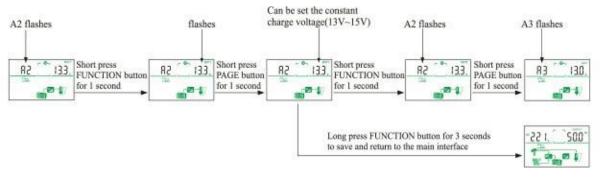
## A0: Working priority mode setting



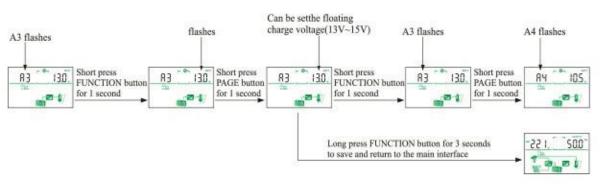
## 2 A1: AC charging current setting



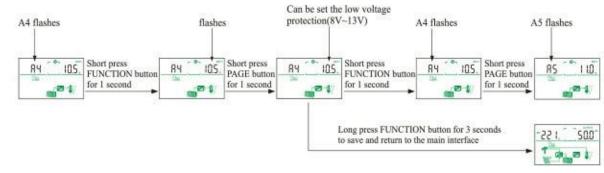
## 3 A2: Constant charge voltage setting



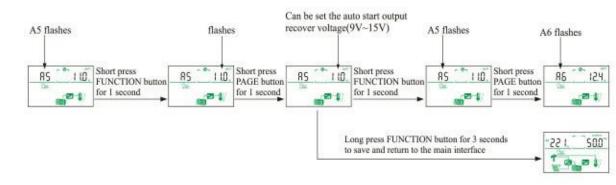
## 4 A3: Floating charge voltage setting



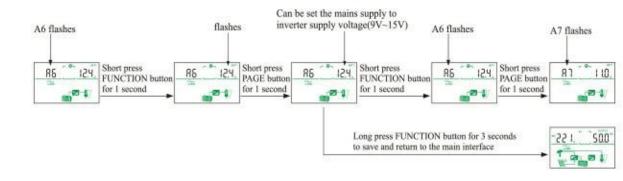
## ⑤ A4: Low voltage protection setting



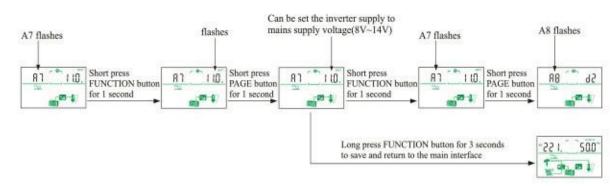
## ⑥ A5: Auto start output recover voltage setting(optional)



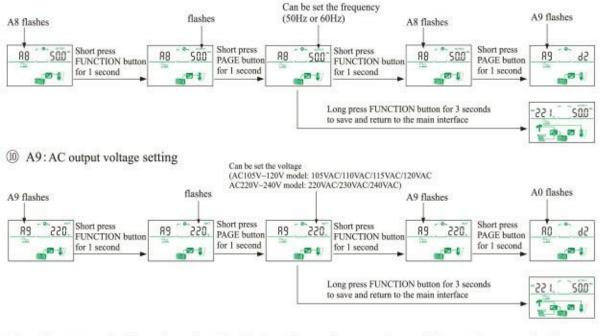
## (7) A6: Mains supply to inverter supply voltage setting (available in d3 mode)



## A7: Inverter supply to Mains supply voltage setting (available in d3 mode)



A8: AC output frequency setting



Note: If no operation is performed under the function setting page, data will be saved automatically after 40S and return to the main interface.

#### 4-3: Steps of start up

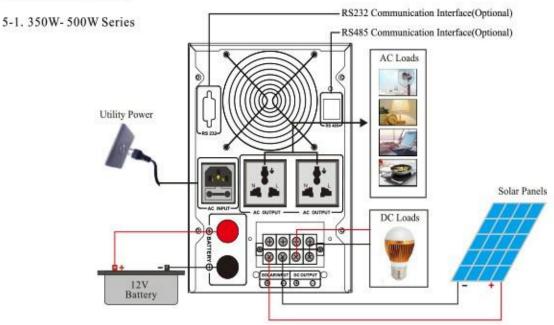
- 1) Connect loads to the AC output of inverter.
- 2) Connect mains power, pv and batteries, please notice the negative andpositive side during wiring(refer to chapter
- 5 for wiring).
- 3) Press POWER button to start the inverter(start automatically under the state of mains power).
- 4) After 30s when the output is stable, start loads in turn.

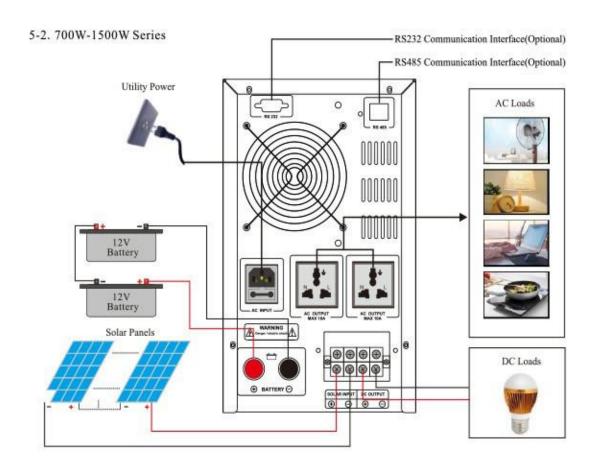
#### 4-4: Steps of power off

- 1) Disconnect loads.
- 2) Press POWER button to disconnect AC output.
- 3) Disconnect mains power and inverter shut down.

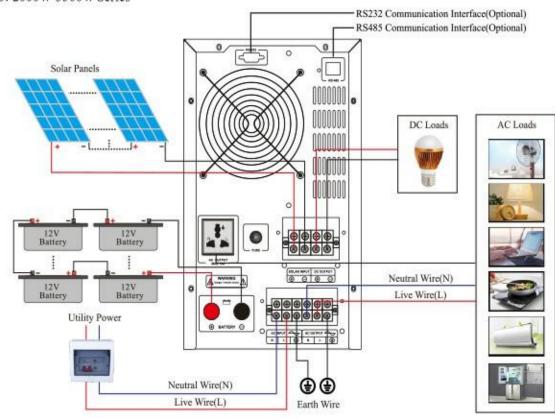
## 5. Wiring

(Remarks: Please refer to the technical parameter table for specific battery voltage and solar panel parameter, This diagram is only for wiring diagram. 12V system: single 12V battery; 24V system: 2 units 12V battery connect in series; 48V system: 4 units 12V battery connect in series; 96V system: 8 units 12V battery connect in series; 192V system: 16 units 12V battery connect in series; 240V system: 20 units 12V battery connect in series; 384V system: 32 units 12V battery connect in series.)

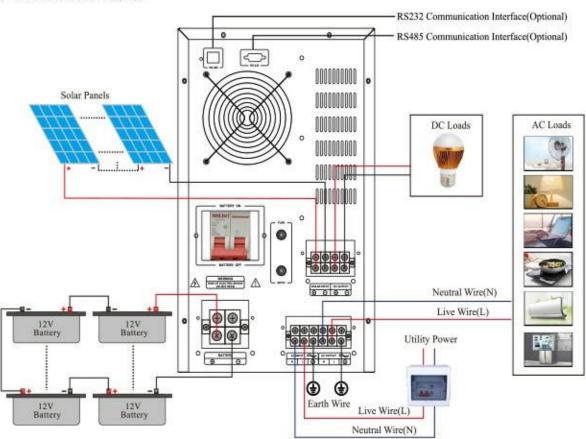




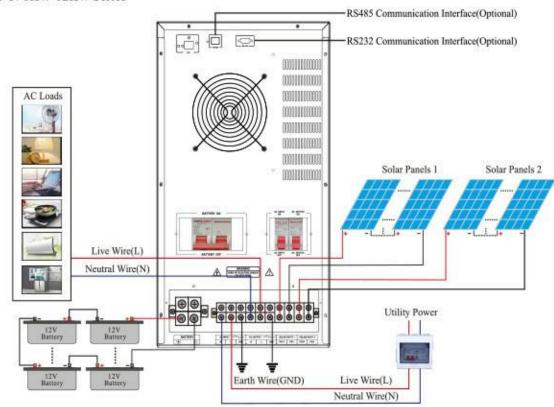
#### 5-3. 2000W-3500W Series



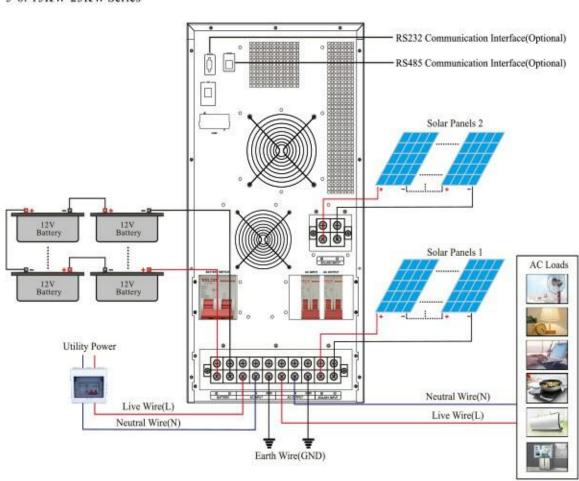
## 5-4. 4000W-7000W Series



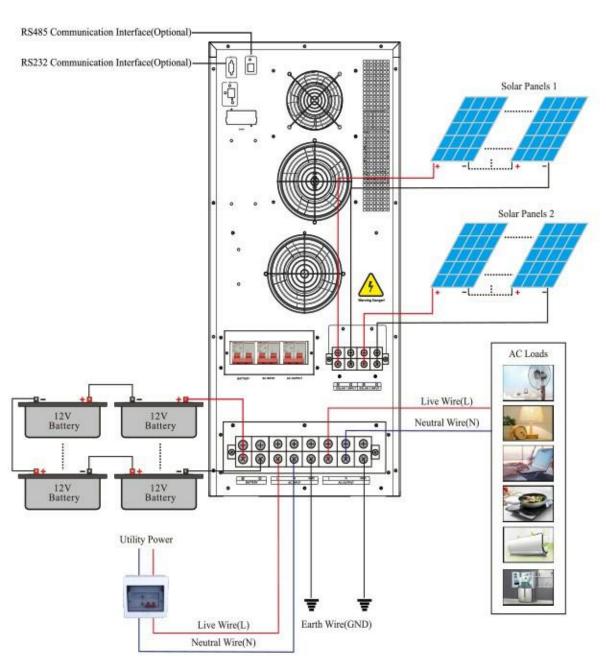
## 5-5. 8KW-12KW Series



## 5-6. 15KW-25KW Series



5-7. 30KW-40KW Series



## Note:

- Please avoid reverse connection while connecting batteries and PV to the inverter.
- Loads for each universal AC outlet should not exceed 1kW.
- If a generator is used as input power, the operation is as follow: start up the generator, after it runs steadily, connect and turn on inverter. When the inverter starts to work, connect user's equipment to the AC output.
- ➤ Capacity of generator≥3 times of the rated capacity of inverter.

#### 6. Maintenance

- 1) The inverter just needs the minimum maintenance. And life of Pb(battery) can be preserved by frequent charge.
- 2) Batteries should be charged for every three months if the inverter is long-term unused.
- 3) Lifespan of battery normally lasts for three to five years. It should be replaced in advance if any battery is found in poor state. And the replacement shall be operated by the professional.
- 4) Batteries should be wholly replaced by the instruction of the supplier.
- 5) For every three months, batteries should be discharged (until the inverter shuts down) and recharged. Every charge (by standard inverter) should last at least for 12 hours.
- 6) Among high temperature area, batteries should be discharged and recharged forevery two months. Every charge (by standard inverter) should last at least for 12 hours.

## Note:

- Please shut down the inverter and disconnect AC input before replacing batteries.
- Please do not wear metal jewelry such as ring or watch.
- Please use screwdriver with insulated handle and avoid to place tools or metal objects on batteries.
- > Please avoid short circuit or reverse connection.

#### Warning:

- 1) Battery must not be put in the fire, which may cause explosion.
- 2) Shall not open or damage the battery. Electrolyte released will cause harm to eyes and skin and even intoxication.

## 7. Error and Solution

## 7-1: Regular error

Error	Reason	Solution
Unable to boot	Low voltage in battery or overload	Charging the battery or reduce the loads
Shut down with load	Low voltage in battery or overload	Charging the battery or reduce the loads
Alarm for boot	Low voltage in battery or overload	Charging the battery or reduce the loads
Heat of connector	Poor contact	Check and fasten the screws
Treat of connector	1 oor contact	Check and fasten the serews

#### 7-2: Code for alarm

Code for alarm	Reason	Solution
01	Over temperature protection	Check and reduce some loads
02	Reversion of transformer	Please contact the supplier
03	Data-saving error	Please contact the supplier
04	Internal reference voltage error	Please contact the supplier
05	Output short circuit protection	Please check if user's equipment is short circuit.
06	Battery over voltage protection	Please contact the supplier
07	NTC error	Please contact the supplier
08	Communication failure of controller	Please contact the supplier
11	Overload alarm/protection	Please reduce the loads
12	Contra variant error	Please contact the supplier
13	Battery low voltage alarm	AC output is going to stop, please set as AC first with charging mode, and restart the inverter
14	Battery low voltage protection	Please turn into AC first with charging mode, and restart the inverte
15	AC over voltage alarm	Please check the AC input voltage
16	Battery over voltage protection	Please contact the supplier
19	Voltage setting parameters are abnormal	Please check whether the setting parameters meet the setting requirements or not/Rebooting the machine can restore the last saved parameters

## 8. Technical specification

Mod	iel: WD/WD-T	35112	50112	70112	/24	10212/24	15224/48	20224/48	30224/48	35248/96
Rate	Rated Power 350W 500W		700	w	1000W	1500W	2000W	3000W	3500W	
Batte	ery Voltage	12VDC	12VD	C 12/24V	/DC	12/24VDC	24/48VDC	24/48VDC	24/48VDC	48/96VD0
Max	AC charging current	the model,	Depending of The maxin ower is 1/4 ower)	num	0A~20A(Depending on the model, The maximum charging power is 1/4 of the rated power)					
Cont	troller Charging Current	10A~2	OA(PWM)	10	10A~60A(PWM or MPPT)			24/48V(PWM:10A~60A/ MPPT:10A~100A)		
Size	(L*W*Hmm)	299x135x195				340x165x28	3	410x200x350		
Pack	tage Size(L*W*Hmm)		0x265(1pc) 0x274(1pcs			05x230x340(1pc) / 75x415x350(2pcs)		475x265x410		
N.W.	.(kg)	4.5(1pc)	5.5(1p	c) 8(1p	c)	9(1pc)	10(1pc)	17	20.5	21.5
G.W	/.(kg)	5.5(1pc)	6.5(1p	e) 9(1p	c)	10(1pc)	11(1pc)	19	22.5	23.5
Insta	allation Method				To	wer		779		
Model: WD/WD-T		40248/96	50248/96	60248/96	702	248/96/192	80248/96/1	92 10348/	96/192	12396/192
Rate	d Power	4000W	5000W	6000W		7000W	8000W	101	cw	12KW
Batte	ery Voltage	8	48/96VDC				48/96/192V	DC	9	6/192VDC
Max	AC charging current		0A~20A(Depending on the model, T				0A-40A(Depending on the model, The man charging power is 1/4 of the rated power)			
Cont	troller Charging Current	48/96VDC 48/96/192VDC 96  0A~20A(Depending on the model, The maximum charging power is 1/4 of the rated power)  48V(PWM:10A~120A/MPPT:10A~100A) / 96V(50A/100A(PWM or MPPT))  491x260x490 540x350x695  545x315x550 600x410x810  30 33 34.5 37 66 70  32 35 36.5 39 77 81  Tower								
Size	(L*W*Hmm)	96V(50A/100A(PWM or MPPT)) MPPT:(48V:100A/200A; 96V:50A/100A; 192V								
Pack	tage Size(L*W*Hmm)		54:	5x315x550				600x4	10x810	
N.W.	.(kg)	30	33	34.5		37	66	70		77
G.W	/.(kg)	32	35	36.5		39	77	8	1	88
Insta	allation Method			0 0	Tower			- Si		
Mod	iel: WD/WD-T	1531	92	203192	203192 253240		240	303240		03384
Rate	d Power	15K	w	20KW	į	258	cw	30KW		0KW
Batte	ery Voltage	192V	DC	192VD0	č	240\	/DC	240VDC 384VD		34VDC
Max	AC charging current	0A~2	0A(Depend	ling on the r	on the model, The maximum charging power is 1/4 of the rated po				power)	
Cont	troller Charging Current					50A/	100A			
Size	e(L*W*Hmm)			593x370x	820			72	1x400x1002	
Pack	rage Size(L*W*Hmm)		656x420x937 775x4		5x465x1120					
N.W.	.(kg)	110	).	116		12	:3	167		192
G.W	/.(kg)	124		130		13	7	190		215
Insta	allation Method						Tower		-	
	DC Input Voltage Range			9	10.5-1	15VDC(Sing	le battery volt	age)		
nput	AC Input Voltage Range	145VAC~2 87VAC~12	75VAC(220) 3VAC(105V	VAC)/155VA AC)/92VAC~	C~285	5VAC(230VA) AC(110VAC)	78VAC~143V/ C)/165VAC~25 97VAC~133V/ C)/205VAC~27	95VAC(240VA AC(115VAC)/1	.C)(350W~700 102VAC~138V	00W) /AC(120VAC
	AC Input Frequency Range			45F	Iz~55	Hz(50Hz) / :	55Hz~65Hz(6	0Hz)		
	1	_			45Hz~55Hz(50Hz) / 55Hz~65Hz(60Hz)					

	Efficiency(Battery Mode)	≥85%
	Output Voltage(Battery Mode)	AC105V~120V model: 105VAC±2%/110VAC±2%/115VAC±2%/120VAC±2%(can be set) AC220V~240V model: 220VAC±2%/230VAC±2%/240VAC±2%(can be set)
	Output Frequency(Battery Mode)	50/60Hz±1%(can be set)
	Output Wave(Battery Mode)	Pure Sine Wave
	Efficiency(AC Mode)	>99%
Output	Output Voltage(AC Mode)	AC105V~120V model: 105VAC±10%/110VAC±10%/115VAC±10%/120VAC±10%(can be set) AC220V~240V model: 220VAC±10%/230VAC±10%/240VAC±10%(can be set)(350W~7000W) Follow input(8KW~40KW)
	Output Frequency(AC Mode)	Follow input
	Output waveform distortion (Battery Mode)	≤3%(Linear load)
	No load loss(Battery Mode)	≤1% rated power
	No load loss(AC Mode)	≤2% rated power(charger does not work in AC mode)
	No load loss(Energy saving Mode)	≤10W
Battery Type	Custom battery	Charging and discharging parameters of different types of batteries can be set through the operation panel by oneself
	Battery lowvoltage alarm	Factory default: 11V(Single battery voltage)
	Battery lowvoltage protection	Factory default: 10.5V(Single battery voltage)
	Battery overvoltage alarm	Factory default: 15.5V(Single battery voltage)
	Battery overvoltage protection	Factory default: 17V(Single battery voltage)
Protection	Battery overvoltage recovery voltage	Factory default: 14.5V(Single battery voltage)
	Overload power protection	Automatic protection (battery mode), circuit breaker or insurance (AC mode)
	Inverter output short circuit protection	Automatic protection (battery mode), circuit breaker or insurance (AC mode)
	Temperature protection	>90°C(Shut down output)
	A	Normal working condition, buzzer has no alarm sound
Alarm	В	Buzzer sounds 4 times per second when battery failure, voltage abnormality, overload protection
	С	When the machine is turned on for the first time, the buzzer will prompt 5 when the machine is normal
	Charging Mode	MPPT or PWM
	PV Input Voltage Range	PWM: 15V-44V(12Vsystem); 30V-44V(24Vsystem); 60V-88V(48Vsystem); 120V-176V(96Vsystem); 240V-352V(192Vsystem); 300V-400V(240Vsystem); 480V-704V(384Vsystem) MPPT: 15V-120V(12Vsystem); 30V-120V(24Vsystem); 60V-120V(48Vsystem); 120V-240V(96Vsystem); 240V-360V(192Vsystem); 300V-400V(240Vsystem); 480V-640V(384Vsystem)
Inside	Max PV Input Voltage(Voc) (At the lowest temperature)	PWM: 50V(12V/24V system); 100V(48V system); 200V(96V system); 400V(192V system); 500V(240V system); 750V(384V system) MPPT: 150V(12V/24V/48V system); 300V(96V system); 450V(192V system); 500V(240V system); 800V(384V system)
Solar controller (Optional)	PV Array Maximum Power	12V system: 140W(10A)/280W(20A)/420W(30A)/560W(40A)/700W(50A)/840W(60A)/ 1120W(80A)/1400W(100A); 24V system: 280W(10A)/560W(20A)/840W(30A)/1120W(40A)/1400W(50A)/1680W(60A)/ 2240W(80A)/2800W(100A); 48V system: 560W(10A)/1120W(20A)/1680W(30A)/2240W(40A)/2800W(50A)/3360W(60A)/ 4480W(80A)/5600W(100A)/6720W(PWM 120A)/5.6KW&11.2KW(MPPT 100A/200A)/ 96V system: 5.6KW(50A)/11.2KW(100A); 192V system: (PWM:11.2KW(50A)/22.4KW(100A)) / (MPPT:11.2KW(50A)/11.2*2KW(100A)); 240V system: (PWM:14KW(50A)/28KW(100A)) / (MPPT:14KW(50A)/14*2KW(100A)); 384V system: (PWM:22.4KW(50A)/44.8KW(100A)) / (MPPT:22.4KW(50A)/22.4*2KW(100A))
	Standby loss	≤3W
	Maximum Conversion Efficiency	>95%

Worki	ing Mode	Mains priority mode/Energy saving mode/Battery(Solar) priority mode
Trans	fer Time	≤4ms
Displa	ıy	LCD
Thern	nal method	Cooling fan in intelligent control
Comn	nunication(Optional)	RS485/APP(WIFI monitoring or GPRS monitoring)
	Operating temperature	-10°C~40°C
	Storage temperature	-15°C~60°C
Environment	Noise	≤55dB
	Elevation	2000m(More than derating)
	Humidity	0%~95% (No condensation)

Above parameter revision change without notification.

## 9. Appendix--485 Communication Port

Definition of pin:

PIN1RS485-A	12245
PIN2RS485-B	12345678
PIN3NC	
PIN4GND	
PIN5NC	
PIN6NC	
PIN7NC	
PIN8NC	337

NC: refer to as not connect.

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# **Warranty Card**

Customer Name:	Tel.:
Address:	
Brand:	Model:
Serial No.:	Date of Purchase:
Bought From:	
Invoice Number:	Invoice Price:

#### Warranty Instruction

- Please keep this warranty card as proof of maintenance.
- . The warranty period is 1 year from the date of purchase.
- During the warranty period, under the condition of normal use and maintenance, if damage caused by the product's own quality, the company will provide free repair and replacement parts after verification.
- The company reserves the right to maintain and interpret all contents.

## Free maintain won't be given under the following circumstance:

- The damage caused by the manipulation that hasn't follow the requests of the manual.
- The product has been repaired, modified by technicians other than our company's, and any internal parts of the product have been replaced by users.
- The product number has been altered or product is inconsistent with the warranty card.
- Damage caused by careless use, penetration of water or other substances into the product.
- Damage caused by accident or natural disaster.

Na	me:
Мо	del:
Inspect	tors:
D	ate: